Policy No: 21.6



### APPLEFORD SCHOOL

# PERSONAL, SOCIAL, HEALTH AND ECONOMIC EDUCATION (PSHEE) AND CITIZENSHIP POLICY inclusive of RELATIONSHIPS AND SEX EDUCATION POLICY, SPIRITUAL, MORAL, SOCIAL AND CULTURAL DEVELOPMENT AND ALCOHOL AND DRUG EDUCATION POLICY

This policy which applies to the whole school, including boarding is publicly available on the school website and upon request a copy (which can be made available in large print or other accessible format if required) may be obtained from the School Office.

Monitoring and review: This policy is subject to continuous monitoring, refinement and audit by David King (Headmaster) and Fiona Filkins (Head of Pastoral Care) who is the Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL). The Managing Director will undertake a full annual review of this policy and procedures, inclusive of its implementation and the efficiency with which the related duties have been discharged. Any deficiencies or weaknesses recognised in arrangements or procedures will be remedied immediately and without delay. All staff will be informed of the update/reviewed policy and it is made available to them in either a hard copy or electronically.

Signed: Date Reviewed: December 2021

Date of Next Review: December 2022

Dr Peter Gardner, Managing Director

Mr. David King, Headmaster

This policy was last reviewed and agreed by the Proprietor of the School in December 2021 and will next be reviewed no later than December 2022 or earlier if significant changes to the systems and arrangements take place, or if legislation, regulatory requirements or best practice guidelines so require.

### Context

All schools must provide a curriculum that is broadly based, balanced and meets the needs of all pupils. Under section 78 of the Education Act 2002 and the Academies Act 2010, a PSHE curriculum:

- Promotes the spiritual, moral, cultural, mental and physical development of pupils at the school and of society, and
- Prepares pupils at the school for the opportunities, responsibilities and experiences of later life.

### **PSHE**

At Appleford School, we teach Personal, Social, Health Education as a whole-school approach to underpin students' development as people and because we believe that this also supports their learning capacity.

Jigsaw, the mindful approach to PSHE, provides a programme which offers us a comprehensive, carefully thought-through Scheme of Work bringing consistency and progression to our students' learning in this vital curriculum area.

The overview of the programme can be seen on the school website.

This also supports the "Personal Development" and "Behaviour and Attitude" aspects required under the Ofsted Inspection Framework, as well as significantly contributing to the school's Safeguarding and Equality Duties, the Government's British Values agenda and the SMSC (Spiritual, Moral, Social, Cultural) development opportunities provided for our young people.

### Statutory RSE and Health Education

"The Relationships Education, Relationships and Sex Education and Health Education (England) Regulations 2019, made under sections 34 and 35 of the Children and Social Work Act 2017, make Relationships and Sex Education compulsory for all pupils receiving secondary education... They also make Health Education compulsory in all schools except independent schools. Personal, Social, Health and Economic Education (PSHE) continues to be compulsory in independent schools."

DfE Guidance p.8.

"Today's children and young people are growing up in an increasingly complex world and living their lives seamlessly on and offline. This presents many positive and exciting opportunities, but also challenges and risks. In this environment, children and young people need to know how to be safe and healthy, and how to manage their academic, personal and social lives in a positive way."

"This is why we have made Relationships Education compulsory in all primary schools in England and Relationships and Sex Education compulsory in all secondary schools, as well as making Health Education compulsory in all state-funded schools."

"In primary schools, we want the subjects to put in place the key building blocks of healthy, respectful relationships, focusing on family and friendships, in all contexts, including online. This will sit alongside the essential understanding of how to be healthy. At secondary, teaching will build on the knowledge acquired at primary and develop further pupils' understanding of health, with an increased focus on risk areas such as drugs and alcohol, as well as introducing knowledge about intimate relationships and sex."

"These subjects represent a huge opportunity to help our children and young people develop. The knowledge and attributes gained will support their own, and others' wellbeing and attainment and help young people to become successful and happy adults who make a meaningful contribution to society."

Secretary of State Foreword, DfE Guidance 2019 p.4-5.

"Schools are free to determine how to deliver the content set out in the DfE guidance 2019 in the context of a broad and balanced curriculum. Effective teaching in these subjects will ensure that core knowledge is broken down into units of manageable size and communicated clearly to pupils, in a carefully sequenced way, within a planned programme of lessons."

DfE Guidance p.8

"All schools must have in place a written policy for Relationships and Sex Education."

DfE Guidance p.11.

Here, at Appleford School we value PSHE as a way to support students' development as human beings, to enable them to understand and respect who they are, to empower them with a voice and to equip them for life and learning.

We include the statutory Relationships, Sex and Health Education within our whole-school PSHE Programme.

To ensure progression and a spiral curriculum, we use Jigsaw, the mindful approach to PSHE, as our chosen teaching and learning programme and tailor it to our students' needs. The mapping document, 'Jigsaw 11-16 and statutory RSE and Health Education', shows exactly how Jigsaw and, therefore, our school, meets the statutory RSE and Health Education requirements.

This programme's complimentary update policy ensures we are always using the most up-to-date teaching materials and that our teachers are well-supported.

Our PSHE policy is informed by existing DfE guidance:

- Keeping Children Safe in Education (statutory guidance)
- Respectful School Communities: Self Review and Signposting Tool (a tool to support a whole school approach that promotes respect and discipline)
- Behaviour and Discipline in Schools (advice for schools, including advice for appropriate behaviour between pupils)
- Equality Act 2010 and schools
- SEND code of practice: 0 to 25 years (statutory guidance)
- Alternative Provision (statutory guidance)
- Mental Health and Behaviour in Schools (advice for schools)
- Preventing and Tackling Bullying (advice for schools, including advice on cyberbullying)
- Sexual violence and sexual harassment between children in schools (advice for schools)
- The Equality and Human Rights Commission Advice and Guidance (provides advice on avoiding discrimination in a variety of educational contexts)
- Promoting Fundamental British Values as part of SMSC in schools (guidance for maintained schools on promoting basic important British values as part of pupils' spiritual, moral, social and cultural (SMSC)
- SMSC requirements for independent schools (guidance for independent schools on how they should support pupils' spiritual, moral, social and cultural development).

The Jigsaw Programme is aligned to the PSHE Association Programmes of Study for PSHE (mapping document available on the Community Area of <a href="www.jigsawpshe.com">www.jigsawpshe.com</a>) and aligned to the definitions of Relationships and Sex Education offered by the Sex Education Forum (National Children's Bureau, April 2020).

### What do we teach when and who teaches it?

### Whole-school approach

The Jigsaw Programme covers all areas of PSHE for the secondary phase including statutory RSE and Health Education. The table below gives the learning theme of each of the six Puzzles (units) and these are taught across the school; the learning deepens and broadens every year.

Term	Puzzle (Unit)	Content	
Autumn 1:	Being Me in My World	Includes understanding my own identity and how I fit well in the class, school and global community. Jigsaw Charter established.	
Autumn 2:	Celebrating	Includes anti-bullying (cyber and homophobic bullying included) and	

	Difference	understanding difference, Equality Act
		Includes goal-setting, aspirations, who do I want to become and what would I like to do for work and to contribute to society
Spring 2:	Healthy Me	Includes drugs and alcohol education, self-esteem and confidence as well as healthy lifestyle choices, sleep, nutrition, rest and exercise
Summer 1:	nmer 1: Relationships Includes understanding friendship, family, intimate re other relationships, conflict resolution and communic bereavement and loss	
Summer 2:	Changing Me	Includes Relationships and Sex Education in the context of coping positively with change

At Appleford School we allocate tutor time to PSHE each week in order to teach the PSHE knowledge and skills in a developmental and age-appropriate way.

These explicit lessons are reinforced and enhanced in many ways:

- assemblies and collective worship,
- praise and reward system,
- Learning Charter,
- through relationships student to student, adult to student and adult to adult across the school.
- We aim to 'live' what is learnt and apply it to everyday situations in the school community.
- Class tutors/ a dedicated PSHE Team deliver the weekly lessons.
- Each lesson has a timetabled slot each week.

### **Relationships and Sex Education**

"The aim of RSE is to give young people the information they need to help them develop healthy, nurturing relationships of all kinds, not just intimate relationships. It should enable them to know what a healthy relationship looks like...it should also cover contraception, developing intimate relationships and resisting pressure to have sex (and not applying pressure). It should teach what is acceptable and unacceptable behaviour in relationships...

Effective RSE also supports people, throughout life, to develop safe, fulfilling and healthy sexual relationships, at the appropriate time.

RSE should provide clear progression from what is taught in primary school in Relationships Education.

Pupils should understand the benefits of healthy relationships to their mental wellbeing and self-respect."

\*\*DfE Guidance page 25\*\*

"In teaching Relationships Education and RSE, schools should ensure that the needs of all pupils are appropriately met, and that all pupils understand the importance of equality and respect. Schools must ensure they comply with the relevant provisions of The Equality Act 2010 under which sexual orientation and gender reassignment are amongst the protected characteristics...

We expect all pupils to have been taught LGBT content at a timely point as part of this area of the curriculum."

\*\*DfE Guidance page 15\*\*

The Sex Education Forum offers the following definitions:

"Sex education is learning about the physical, social, legal and emotional aspects of human sexuality and behaviour, including human reproduction. This includes conception and contraception, safer sex, sexually transmitted infections and sexual health."

"Relationships education is learning about the physical, social, legal and emotional aspects of human relationships including friendships, intimate, sexual and committed relationships and family life. Relationships education supports children to be safe, happy and healthy in their interactions with others now and in the future."

Sex Education Forum, 2020

## What does the DfE statutory guidance on Relationships Education expect young people to know by the time they leave secondary school?

RSE in secondary schools will cover 'Families', 'Respectful relationships including friendships', 'Online and media', 'Being safe' and 'Intimate sexual relationships, including sexual health'.

The expected outcomes for each of these elements can be found further on in this policy. The way the Jigsaw Programme covers these is explained in the mapping document, 'Jigsaw 11-16 and Statutory RSE and Health Education'.

It is important to explain that whilst the Relationships Puzzle (unit) in Jigsaw covers most of the statutory Relationships Education, the Changing Me Puzzle covers much of the Sex Education and the Healthy Me Puzzle covers much of the Health Education, some of the outcomes are also taught elsewhere in Jigsaw. This holistic approach ensures the learning is reinforced through the year and across the curriculum.

### Organisation

RSE is delivered by a number of teachers who have the experience and skills to deliver sensitive material to mixed ability, co-educational groups of students. Annually, appropriate and suitably experienced and/or knowledgeable visitors from outside Appleford School may be invited to contribute to the delivery of RSE in Appleford School. The RSE programme, outside the Science Schemes of Work where certain topics are dealt with, is conducted using a variety of informal activities which have been built into the programme. A set of ground rules will help teachers create a safe environment, in which they do not feel embarrassed or anxious about unintended or unexpected questions or comments from students. All staff involved in the teaching of RSE will receive training on the importance of ground rules and how to set them. Appleford School believes in the importance of training for staff delivering RSE. Staff are encouraged to identify appropriate training and support to help them deliver effective RSE.

The following are protocols for discussion-based lessons with students:

- Students must be made aware that teachers cannot offer unconditional confidentiality.
- No one (teacher or student) will have to answer a personal question;
- No one will be forced to take part in a discussion;
- Meanings of words will be explained in a sensible and factual way;
- When answering a specific question which involves information at a level inappropriate to the development of the rest of the students, the question may be dealt with individually at another time.
- Where a member of staff is concerned that a child protection issue is arising, it is his/her responsibility to follow the school's Child Protection policy.

### **Health Education**

"It is important that the starting point for health and wellbeing education should be a focus on enabling pupils to make well-informed, positive choices for themselves."

DfE Guidance page 35.

# What does the DfE statutory guidance on Health Education expect young people to know by the time they leave secondary school?

Health Education in secondary schools will cover 'Mental wellbeing', 'Internet safety and harms', Physical health and fitness', Healthy eating', 'Drugs, alcohol and tobacco', 'Health and prevention', 'Basic First Aid', 'Changing adolescent body'.

The expected outcomes for each of these elements can be found further on in this policy. The way the Jigsaw Programme covers these is explained in the mapping document, 'Jigsaw 11-16 and Statutory RSE and Health Education'.

It is important to explain that whilst the Healthy Me Puzzle (unit) in Jigsaw covers most of the statutory Health Education, some of the outcomes are taught elsewhere in Jigsaw, e.g. emotional and mental health is nurtured every lesson through mindfulness practice and respect is enhanced through the use of the Jigsaw Charter.

Again, the mapping document shows transparently how the Jigsaw whole-school approach spirals the learning and meets all statutory requirements and more.

Appleford School also have an additional Mental Health Policy (21.3)

### **Sex Education**

The DfE Guidance 2019 integrates Relationships and Sex Education at secondary school level.

Most of the DfE outcomes relating to Sex Education sit within the 'Intimate and sexual relationships, including sexual health' section of the guidance and include aspects like:

- the facts about reproductive health...
- the facts about the full range of contraceptive choices ...
- how the different sexually transmitted infections (STIs), including HIV/AIDS, are transmitted...
- how to get further advice...
- consent and the law

DfE Guidance page29.

At Appleford School we agree with the Sex Education Forum definition of Sex Education (as above).

The Jigsaw PSHE Programme also reflects this, making it possible for us to identify which lessons specifically address these aspects of learning, thereby making it straightforward for us to communicate this to parents/carers in relation to their right to request to withdraw their children from Sex Education.

The grid below shows which lessons cover which aspects of the DfE outcomes...

### Parents' right to request their child be withdrawn from Sex Education

"Parents have the right to request that their child be withdrawn from some or all of sex education delivered as part of statutory RSE...

... except in exceptional circumstances, the school should respect the parents' request to withdraw the child, up to and until three terms before the child turns 16. After that point, if the child wishes to receive sex education rather than be withdrawn, the school should decide to provide the child with sex education during one of those Terms".

*DfE Guidance pages 17/18.* 

Should parents wish to discuss withdrawing their child from Sex Education, they are advised contact the Head of Pastoral or Head of year to make their wishes known.

### **Monitoring and Review**

The Head of Pastoral monitors this policy on an annual basis. This Head of Pastoral reports its findings and recommendations to the full Advisory Board and SLT, as necessary, if the policy needs modification. The Head of Pastoral gives serious consideration to any comments from parents about the PSHE (RSHE) programme, and makes a record of all such comments. The Head of Pastoral also asks tutors to provide students with PSHE questionnaires in order to ensure we are covering their needs. Tutors scrutinise and ratify teaching materials to check they are in accordance with the school's ethos.

### **Inclusion and SEND**

At Appleford School we pride ourselves on our inclusive policy and on how we make provision for all students' needs.

At Appleford School we teach PSHEE to all students, whatever their ability and individual needs. PSHEE at our school is part of providing a broad and balanced education for all students. Through our PSHEE teaching we provide learning opportunities that enable all students to make progress. We do this by setting suitable learning challenges and responding to each student's different needs.

We strive to meet the needs of all students with special educational needs, disabilities, special gifts and talents, and of those learning English as an additional language. We assess the needs of each student acting to enable the student to learn as effectively as possible thus enabling them to have access to the full range of activities involved in learning PSHEE. Where students are to participate in activities outside the classroom we carry out a risk assessment prior to the activity, to ensure that the activity is safe and appropriate for all students.

### **Equality**

### This policy will inform the school's Equalities Policy

The DfE Guidance 2019 (p.15) states, "Schools should ensure that the needs of all pupils are appropriately met, and that all pupils understand the importance of equality and respect. Schools must ensure they comply with the relevant provisions of the Equality Act 2010 under which sexual orientation and gender reassignment are amongst the protected characteristics...

At the point at which schools consider it appropriate to teach their pupils about LGBT (Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual, Transgender), they should ensure this content is fully integrated into their programmes of study for this area of the curriculum rather than delivered as a stand-alone unit or lesson. Schools are free to determine how they do this, and we expect all pupils to have been taught LGBT content at a timely point as part of this area of the curriculum".

At Appleford School we promote respect for all and value every individual student.

We also respect the right of our students, their families and our staff, to hold beliefs, religious or otherwise, and understand that sometimes these may be in tension with our approach to some aspects of RSE and Health Education.

Spiritual, Moral, Social and Cultural Development (SMSC): In our school we plan and provide effectively in order to develop students' spiritual, moral, social and cultural awareness. Students of all faiths and belief systems are encouraged to strive for academic excellence and a spirit of open and shared enquiry, whilst developing their individual potential and qualities of character so they can make a positive contribution to the world. Whilst SMSC is integral to all aspects of our curriculum, PSHEE education makes a strong contribution. Students are led towards distinguishing right from wrong and towards acting consistently with their beliefs and with a view to the consequences of their own and others' actions. In addition, our school:

- Leads students towards becoming confident and positive contributors to their community and effective users of its services and facilities according to their maturity;
- Enables students to gain insights into the origins and practices of their own cultures and into those of the wider community;
- Takes steps to ensure that the students appreciate racial and cultural diversity and avoid and resist racism, and ensure that students are able to understand and respond to risk, for example risks associated with extremism, new technology, substance misuse, knives and gangs, personal relationships and personal safety.

Social, moral, spiritual, cultural (SMSC) education is integral to our PSHEE education programme. It pervades the whole of our teaching and learning; the ethos and life of our school. Within SMSC, our aims are to help students to:

- develop self-esteem, self-awareness, self-understanding and confidence;
- enable students to understand what is right and wrong in their school life and life outside school;
- accept responsibility for their behaviour, show initiative and contribute to the school, as well as local and wider communities;
- take part in a range of activities requiring social skills, develop leadership skills, take on and discharge efficiently
- roles and responsibilities, offer help and learn to be reliable;
- acquire knowledge; reflect on beliefs, values and more profound aspects of human experience, use their imagination and creativity, and develop curiosity in their learning;
- understand and appreciate the range of different cultures in British society and develop the skills and attitudes to enable them to take a full and active part in it;
- develop respect towards diversity in relation to, for example: gender, race, religion and belief, culture, sexual orientation, and disability;
- acquire a broad general knowledge of public institutions and services in England;
- respond positively to a range of artistic, sporting and other cultural opportunities, provided by the school,
- including, for example an appreciation of theatre, music and literature;
- overcome barriers to their learning.

Therefore, the understanding and knowledge expected of the students in Appleford School as an outcome of our positive approach to SMSC includes:

- An understanding of how citizens can influence decision-making through the democratic process;
- An appreciation that living under the rule of law protects individual citizens and is essential for their well-being and safety;
- An understanding that there is a separation of power between the executive and the judiciary, and that while some public bodies such as the police and the army can be held to account through Parliament, others such as the courts maintain independence;
- An understanding that the freedom to hold other faiths and beliefs is protected in law;
- An acceptance that people having different faiths or beliefs to oneself (or having none) should be accepted and tolerated, and should not be the cause of prejudicial or discriminatory behaviour;

• An understanding of the importance of identifying and combatting discrimination.

### Our objectives are to:

- teach students the **FACTS** concerning their growth and development as individuals; help children to understand **CONCEPTS** such as tolerance, respect and liberty and equality;
- enable students to acquire **SKILLS** relating to personal safety, discussion and decision making, which are vital to their well-being and their interaction with others;
- encourage students to develop informed opinions and **ATTITUDES** for themselves about a range of personal, social and moral issues;
- nurture in students a particular set of **VALUES** and
- give the students the **COURAGE** to challenge stereotypes based on race, sex, disability and faith and to judge all people fairly and equally.

**PSHEE education and Citizenship and inclusion:** We teach PSHEE education and Citizenship to all students, regardless of their ability, gender, differences in culture or background. Our teachers provide learning opportunities matched to the individual needs of children with learning difficulties. The nature of the topic allows for a broad range of mediums for delivery. Those students for whom the normal academic subjects may be challenging often find they have strengths in discussion and argument about the wider world and some of the issues faced by young people today. The class teacher ensures that all students are as involved as possible in the discussions and activities taking place and provide resources so that access to the curriculum is possible. Beyond the classroom, pupils are encouraged to take on responsibility in school and make a positive contribution to the school, local and wider communities.



# **BIG** Questions in Jigsaw 11-16

The Big Questions are designed as a thread linking the learning from the Puzzle. Different questions feature across all year groups, so that students can track their own development and changing opinions as they progress through the Puzzles and through the year groups. This helps a developmental and progressive scheme. It is also a good opportunity for student reflection.

Puzzle	Age Group		
	11-12	How do I fit into the world I live in?	
<u> </u>	12-13	Can I choose how I fit into the world?	
- Me Vort	13-14	To what extent does the world I live in affect my identity?	
Being Me In My World	14-15	Is managing my online and offline world within my control?	
	15-16	Are we in the adult world at 16?	
D (1)	11-12	Do we need to feel 'the same as' to belong?	
Celebrating	12-13	How different are we really?	
eleb	13-14	Is being different a good thing?	
5 -	14-15	Does difference result in inequality?	
sle	11-12	Can my choices affect my dreams and goals?	
Dreams and Goals	12-13	Can the choices I make now influence my future?	
s and	13-14	Who do I dream of becoming?	
Eee	14-15	Is success only possible when physical and emotional needs are in balance?	
ă	15-16	Can I rely on myself to achieve my goals or do I need luck or destiny?	
	11-12	To what extent am I responsible for my mental and physical health?	
Σ	12-13	Can I become more responsible for my health and happiness?	
Healthy Me	13-14	How can substances impact on wellbeing?	
Ξ	14-15	When it comes to health to what extent am I in control?	
	15-16	Should relationships, sex and sexual health be discussed more openly?	
	11-12	What can make a relationship healthy or unhealthy?	
Relationships	12-13	Because I'm worth itor am I?	
tions	13-14	Can relationships ever be equal?	
Rela	14-15	Is love all you need?	
	15-16	Is it possible to stay true to yourself and be in healthy relationships?	
ş	11-12	How do I feel about becoming an adult?	
Changing Me	12-13	What factors can make an intimate relationship healthy and happy?	
ang	13-14	How can change affect mental health?	
Ü	14-15	Can all change be positive in some way?	

# Jigsaw PSHE 3 -11/12 Content Overview



Changing Me	Bodies Respecting my body Growing up Growth and change Fun and fears Celebrations	Life cycles – animal and human Changes in me Changes since being a baby Differences between female and male bodies (correct terminology) Linking growing and learning Coping with change	Life cycles in nature Growing from young to old Increasing independence Differences in female and male bodies (correct terminology) Assertiveness Preparing for transition	How babies grow Understanding a baby's needs Outside body changes Inside body changes Family stereotypes Challenging my ideas Preparing for transition
Relationships	Family life Friendships Breaking friendships Falling out Dealing with bullying Being a good friend	Belonging to a family Making friends/being a good friend Physical contact preferences People who help us Qualities as a friend and person Self-acknowledgement Being a good friend to myself Celebrating special relationships	Different types of family Physical contact boundaries Friendship and conflict Secrets Trust and appreciation Expressing appreciation for special relationships	Family roles and responsibilities Friendship and negotiation Keeping safe online and who to go to for help Being a global citizen Being aware of how my choices affect others Awareness of how other children have different lives Expressing appreciation for family and friends
Healthy Me	Exercising bodies Physical activity Healthy food Sleep Keeping clean Safety	Keeping myself healthy Healthier lifestyle choices Keeping clean Being safe Medicine safety/safety with household items Road safety Linking health and happiness	Motivation Healthier choices Relaxation Healthy esting and nutrition Healthier snacks and sharing food	Exercise Fitness challenges Food labelling and healthy swaps Attitudes towards drugs Keeping safe and why it's important online and off line scenarios Respect for myself and others Healthy and safe choices
<b>Dreams and Goals</b>	Challenges Perseverance Goal-setting Overcoming obstacles Seeking help Jobs Achieving goals	Setting goals Identifying successes and achievements Learning styles Working well and celebrating achievement with a partner Tackling new challenges Identifying and overcoming obstacles Feelings of success	Achieving realistic goals Perseverance Learning strengths Learning with others Group co-operation Contributing to and sharing success	Difficult challenges and achieving success Dreams and ambitions New challenges Motivation and enthusiasm Recognising and trying to overcome obstacles Evaluating learning processes Managing feelings Simple budgeting
Celebrating Difference	Identifying talents Being special Families Where we live Making friends Standing up for yourself	Similarities and differences Understanding bullying and knowing how to deal with it Making new friends Celebrating the differences in everyone	Assumptions and stereotypes about gender Understanding bullying Standing up for self and Anking new friends Gender diversity Celebrating difference and remaining friends	Families and their differences Family conflict and how to manage it (child-centred) Witnessing bullying and how to sooke it Recognising how words can be hurtful Giving and receiving compliments
Being Me In My World	Self-identity Understanding feelings Being in a classroom Being gentle Rights and responsibilities	Feeling special and safe Being part of a class Rights and responsibilities Rewards and feeling proud Consequences Owning the Learning Charter	Hopes and fears for the year Rights and responsibilities Rewards and consequences Safe and fair learning environment Valuing contributions Choices Recognising feelings	Setting personal goals Self-identity and worth Positivity in challenges Rules, rights and responsibilities Rewards and consequences Responsible choices Seeing things from others' perspectives
Age Group	Ages 3-5 (F1-F2)	Ages 5-6	Ages 6-7	Ages 7-8

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Changing Me	Being unique Having a baby Girls and puberty Confidence in change Accepting change Preparing for transition Environmental change	Self- and body image Influence of online and media on body image Puberty for girls Puberty for boys Conception (including IVF) Growing responsibility Coping with change Preparing for transition	Self-image Body image Puberty and feelings Conception to birth Reflections about change Physical attraction Respect and consent Boyfriends/girlfriends Sexting Transition	My changing body and feelings What is self-image? Coping during times of change My changing ways of thinking Managing my changes in mood Moving forwards into my next year of education
Relationships	Jealousy Love and loss Memories of loved ones Getting on and Falling Out Girlfriends and boyfriends Showing appreciation to people and animals	Self-recognition and self-worth Building self-esteem Safer online communities Rights and responsibilities online Online gaming and gambling Reducing screen time Dangers of online grooming SMARRT internet safety rules	Mental health Identifying mental health worries and sources of support Love and loss Managing feelings Power and control Assertiveness Technology safety Take responsibility with technology use	My changing web of friendships Support I need now and in the future Developing positive relationships What external factors affect relationships, e.g. media influences? Assertiveness in relationships The changing role of families
Healthy Me	Healthier friendships Group dynamics Smoking Alcohol Assertiveness Peer pressure Celebrating inner strength	Smoking, including vaping Alcohol Alcohol and anti-social behaviour Emergency aid Body image Relationships with food Healthy choices Motivation and behaviour	Taking personal responsibility How substances affect the body Exploitation, including 'county lines' and gang culture Emotional and mental health Managing stress	Healthy choices about my emotional health Managing stress Manging my choices around substances Managing my nutritional choices Medicines and immunisation Healthy choices about physical activity and rest/sleep
Dreams and Goals	Hopes and dreams Overcoming disappointment Creating new, realistic dreams Achieving goals Working in a group Celebrating contributions Resilience Positive attitudes	Future dreams The importance of money Jobs and careers Dream job and how to get there Goals in different cultures Supporting others (charity) Motivation	Personal learning goals, in and out of school Success criteria Emotions in success Making a difference in the world Motivation Recognising achievements Compliments	What are my dreams and goals? Steps to success Coping when things don't go to plan Rewarding my dreams Intrinsic and extrinsic motivation Keeping my dreams alive How dreams and goals change in response to life
Celebrating Difference	Challenging assumptions Judging by appearance Accepting self and others Understanding influences Understanding bullying Problem-solving Identifying how special and unique everyone is First impressions	Cultural differences and how they can cause conflict Racism Rumours and name-calling Types of bullying Material wealth and happiness Enjoying and respecting other cultures	Perceptions of normality Understanding disability Power struggles Understanding bullying Inclusion/exclusion Differences as conflict, difference as celebration Empathy	Assertiveness Prejudice and discrimination My values and those of others Challenging stereotypes Discrimination in school How prejudice and discrimination fuels bullying Being inclusive
Being Me In My World	Being part of a class team Being a school citizen Rights, responsibilities and democracy (school council) Rewards and consequences Group decision-making Having a voice What motivates behaviour	Planning the forthcoming year Being a citizen Rights and responsibilities Rewards and consequences How behaviour affects groups Democracy, having a voice, participating	Identifying goals for the year Global citizenship Children's universal rights Feeling welcome and valued Choices, consequences and rewards Group dynamics Democracy, having a voice Anti-social behaviour Role-modelling	Personal identity What influences personal identity Identify personal strengths How do others see me? Group identity My growing sense of personal identity and independence Online and global identity Expectations
Age Group	Ages 8-9	Ages 9-10	Ages 10-11	Ages 11-12 (Scotland)



# Snapshot Jigsaw PSHE 11-16 Shows the summary of subject content in each Puzzle (unit)

Changing Me	Puberty changes, Reproduction facts, FGM, breast flattening/ ironing, responsibilities of parenthood, IVF, types of committed relationships, media and self-esteem, self- image, brain changes in puberty, factors affecting moods,	Types of close intimate relationships, physical attraction, love, legal status of relationships, behaviours in healthy and unhealthy romantic relationships, pornography, sexuality, alcohol and risky behaviour	Mental health stigma, triggers, support strategies, managing emotional changes, resilience and how to improve it, reflection on importance of sleep in reflection to mental health, reflection on changes, benefits of relaxation
Retationships	Characteristics of healthy relationships, consent, relationships and change, emotions within friendships, peer on peer abuse, rights and responsibilities, being discerning, assertiveness, risexting b	Positive relationship with self, social media and relationship with self, an negative self-talk, managing of a range of relationships, peer on peer abuse, personal space, online etiquette, online privacy, bullying and personal safety, social media issues and the law, coercion, unhealthy balance of power in relationships, sources of support	Healthy relationships, Power than and control in intimate relationships, risk in intimate relationships, risk in intimate relationships, importance of sexual consent, peer on peer habuse, assertiveness skills, os sex and the law, pornography rand stereotypes, contraception choices, age bof consent, family planning, of consent, family planning, sex, STIs, support and advice services
Healthy Me	Stress and anxiety, managing mental health, physical activity and mental health, effects of substances, legal consequences, nutrition, sleep, vaccination and immunisation, importance of information on making health choices	Long-term physical health, responsibility for own health, dental health, stress triggers and help tips, substances and mood, legislation associated with substances, exploitation and substances, county lines, medicine, vaccinations, immunisation	Misperceptions about young peoples' health choices, physical and psychological effects of drugs and alcohol, alcohol and the law, alcohol and drug poisoning, addiction, smoking, vaping, and possession legislation, emergency situations, first aid, CPR, substances and safety, sources of advice and support
Dreams and Goals	Celebrating success, identifying goals, employment, learning from mistakes, overcoming challenges, planning skills, safe & unsafe choices, substances, gangs, knives, exploitation, emergency first aid	Long-term goals, skills, qualifications, careers, money and happiness, ethics and mental wellbeing, budgeting, variation in income, positive and negative impact of money, online safety and legal responsibilities, gambling issues	Personal strengths, health goals, SMART planning, the world of work, links between body image and mental health, non-financial dreams and goals, mental health and ill health, media manipulation, self-harm, self-esteem, stigma, anxiety disorders, eating disorders, depression
Cetebrating Difference	Bullying, prejudice & discrimination (positive and negative), Equality Act, bystanders, stereotyping, challenging influences, negative behaviour and attitudes, peer on peer abuse, assertiveness	Positive change made by others, how positive behaviour affects feelings of wellbeing, social injustice, inequality, community cohesion and support, multiculturalism, diversity, race and religion, stereotypes, prejudice, LGBT+ bullying, peer on peer abuse hate crime, fear & emotions  Stand up to bullying, the golden rule Organ and blood donation	Protected characteristics, Equality Act, phobic and racist language, legal consequences of bullying and hate crime, sexism, ageism, positive and negative language, banter, peer on peer abuse, bullying in the workplace, direct and indirect discrimination, harassment, victimisation.  Prejudice, discrimination and stereotyping
Being Me in My World	Unique me, differences & conflict, my influences, gateway emotions, belonging to a group, peer pressure, peer on peer abuse, online safety, sexting, consequences, online legislation	Self-identity, influences, family and identity, stereotypes, personal beliefs and judgements, managing expectations, first impressions, respect for the beliefs of others  Marriage  Protected characteristics  Active listening	Perceptions about intimate relationships, consent, sexual exploitation, peer approval, peer on peer abroval, peer on peer abroval, peer on peer abroval, peer on peer abuse, county lines, risky experimentation, positive and negative self- identity, groups, influences, social media, abuse and coercion, coercive control
Year/ age	Year 7 (11-12)	Year 8 (12-13)	Vear 9 (13-14)

Impact of societal change on young people, role of media on societal change, reflection on change so far and how to manage it successfully, decision making, sexual identity gender, spectrum of sexuality, stereotypes in romantic relationships, sexual identity and risk, peer on peer abuse, physical and emotional changes, family change, sources of support	
Sustaining long-term relationships, intimacy, healthy relationship with self Attraction, love, lust Relationship choices, ending relationships safely, consequences of relationships ending e.g. bullying, peer on peer abuse, revenge porn, grief- cycle, impact on family understanding love, fake hews Pornography	Stages of intimate relationships, positive and negative connotations of sex, spectrum of gender and sexuality, LGBT+ rights and protection under the Equality Act, 'coming out' challenges, LGBT+ media stereotypes, peer on peer abuse, power, control and sexual experimentation, forced marriage, honourbased violence, FGM and other abuses, hate crime, sources of support
Improving health, mental health, sexual health, bloodborne infections, self-examination, diet and long-term health, misuse of prescription drugs, substances and the body, common mental health disorders, positive impact of volunteering, common threats to health including chronic disease, epidemics, misuse of antibiotics  Organ donation  Stem cells	Managing anxiety and stress, exam pressure, concentration strategies, work- life balance, sexual health, hygiene, self-examination, STIs, sexual pressure, fertility issues, contraception, consent, peer on peer abuse, pregnancy facts and myths, pregnancy choices including adoption, abortion, bringing up a abortion, bringing up a baby, financial implications, identifying a range of risks including rape and strategies for staying safe  Expectations in relationships
Impact of physical health in reaching goals, relationships and reaching goals, resilience, work/life balance, connections and impact on mental health, balanced diet, vital organs, blood donation, benefits of helping others, online profile and impact on future goals and employability	Anxiety, solution focused thinking, sleep, relaxation, Aspiration on; career, finances, budgeting, borrowing, relationships, Skills identification, realistic goals, gambling, financial pressure, debt, dream jobs, skill set, employment, education and training options, long-term training options, long-term caltationship dreams and goals, parenting skills and challenges, resilience, what to do when things go wrong
Equality including in the workplace, in society, in relationships Equality Act 2010 Vulnerable groups including disability and hidden disability and hidden Morkplace expectations Rights and responsibilities Power and control in relationships, coercive control Benefits of multi-cultural societies Equity, equality and inequality My health	
Human rights, societal freedom, understanding safety, in UK and beyond, ending relationships safely, stages of grief, loss and bereavement, peer on peer abuse, social media and culture, use of online data, threats to online safety, online identity, assessing and managing risk, the law and social media Risk and emergency contacts Positive and negative relationships	Becoming an adult. Age limits and the law Relationships and the law, consent, coercive control, peer on peer abuse, domestic abuse, honour-based, violence, arranged and forced marriages  The Equality Act 2010  The law on internet use and pornography Social media concerns, sexting Keeping safe, emergency situations, key advice, first aid, scenarios and consequences
/63r 10 (1⊄-15)	Xear 11 (15-16)